

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 6

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED RESOLUTION

Citations Affected: Article 5 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.

Synopsis: Exercise of the state's executive power. Requires the general assembly to provide: (1) for the lieutenant governor to discharge the governor's powers and duties as acting governor if the governor is determined to be unable to discharge the governor's powers and duties; and (2) for an individual nominated by the governor to discharge the lieutenant governor's powers and duties as acting lieutenant governor if the lieutenant governor is determined to be unable to discharge the lieutenant governor's powers and duties. Authorizes the general assembly to provide for designated state officers to discharge the governor's powers and duties: (1) until the general assembly elects a new governor, if both the office of governor and the office of lieutenant governor are vacant; and (2) until the general assembly elects an acting governor, if both the governor and the lieutenant governor are disabled or if one is disabled and the office of the other is vacant. This proposed amendment has not been previously agreed to by a general assembly.

Effective: This proposed amendment must be agreed to by two consecutive general assemblies and ratified by a majority of the state's voters voting on the question to be effective.

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January 11, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.



2005

Introduced

First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type:

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular General Assembly.

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SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 6

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A JOINT RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to Article 5 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.

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Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Indiana is proposed and agreed to by this, the One Hundred Fourteenth General Assembly of the State of Indiana, and is referred to the next General Assembly for reconsideration and agreement.

SECTION 2. ARTICLE 5, SECTION 10 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Section 10. (a) In case If the Governor-elect fails to assume office, or in case of the death or resignation of the Lieutenant Governor-elect becomes Governor and holds office for the term of the Governor-elect.

(b) If the Governor dies, resigns, or the Governor's removal is removed from office, the Lieutenant Governor shall become becomes Governor by operation of law and hold holds office for the unexpired term of the person whom the Lieutenant immediately previous



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Governor. succeeds: In case The oath of office taken by the Lieutenant Governor as Lieutenant Governor serves as the oath of office for the office of Governor.

- (c) The General Assembly shall provide by law for the Lieutenant Governor to discharge the Governor's powers and duties as Acting Governor if:
 - (1) the Governor declares; or

(2) the president pro tempore of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives determine;

that the Governor is unable to discharge the Governor's powers and duties. of the office, the Lieutenant Governor shall discharge the powers and duties of the office as Acting Governor.

- (b) Whenever there is a vacancy in (d) If the office of Lieutenant Governor dies, resigns, is removed from office, or becomes Governor by operation of law under subsection (b), the Governor shall nominate a an individual to become Lieutenant Governor. who shall take The individual nominated by the Governor takes office upon confirmation by a majority vote in each house of the General Assembly and holds office for the unexpired term of the immediately previous Lieutenant Governor. If the General Assembly is not in session, the Governor shall call it into special session to receive and act upon the Governor's nomination. In the event of the inability of
- (e) The General Assembly shall provide by law for an individual nominated by the Governor to discharge the Lieutenant Governor's powers and duties as Acting Lieutenant Governor if the Lieutenant Governor or the Governor determines that the Lieutenant Governor is unable to discharge the Lieutenant Governor's powers and duties. of the office, the General Assembly may provide by law for the manner in which a person shall be selected to act in the Lieutenant Governor's place and declare which powers and duties of the office such person shall discharge.
- (c) Whenever the Governor transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the Governor's written declaration that the Governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties of the office, and until the Governor transmits to them a written declaration to the contrary, such powers and duties shall be discharged by the Lieutenant Governor as Acting Governor. Thereafter, when the Governor transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the Governor's written declaration that no inability exists, the Governor shall resume the powers and duties of the office.









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1	(d) Whenever the President pro tempore of the Senate and the
2	Speaker of the House of Representatives file with the Supreme Court
3	a written statement suggesting that the Governor is unable to discharge
4	the powers and duties of the office, the Supreme Court shall meet
5	within forty-eight hours to decide the question and such decision shall
6	be final. Thereafter, whenever the Governor files with the Supreme
7	Court the Governor's written declaration that no inability exists, the
8	Supreme Court shall meet within forty-eight hours to decide whether
9	such be the case and such decision shall be final. Upon a decision that
10	no inability exists, the Governor shall resume the powers and duties of
11	the office.
12	(e) Whenever there is a vacancy in (f) If both the office offices of
13	Governor and Lieutenant Governor are vacant, the General Assembly
14	shall convene in joint session not later than forty-eight (48) hours
15	after such occurrence the later vacancy occurs and elect a Governor
16	from and of the same political party as the immediately past previous
17	Governor by a majority vote of each house. If either house of the
18	General Assembly is unable to assemble a quorum of its members
19	because of vacancies in the membership of that house, the General
20	Assembly shall convene not later than forty-eight hours after a
21	sufficient number of the vacancies are filled to provide a quorum of
22	members for that house.
23	(f) An individual holding one (1) of the following offices shall
24	discharge the powers and duties of the governor if the office of
25	governor and the office of lieutenant governor are both vacant, in the
26	order listed:
27	(1) The speaker of the house of representatives.
28	(2) The president pro tempore of the senate, if the office described
29	in subdivision (1) is vacant.
30	(3) The treasurer of state, if the offices described in subdivisions
31	(1) and (2) are vacant.
32	(4) The auditor of state, if the offices described in subdivisions (1)

through (3) are vacant.

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(5) The secretary of state, if the offices described in subdivisions (1) through (4) are vacant.

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(6) The state superintendent of public instruction, if the offices described in subdivisions (1) through (5) are vacant.

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(g) An individual's authority to discharge the governor's powers and duties under subsection (f) ends when the general assembly fills the office of governor under this section.

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The General Assembly may provide by law for designated state officers (including officers of the General Assembly) to discharge





1	the Governor's powers and duties as Acting Governor until the
2	General Assembly elects a Governor under this subsection.
3	(g) If any of the following applies, the General Assembly shall
4	convene in joint session not later than forty-eight (48) hours after
5	the event occurs and select an Acting Governor from the same
6	political party as the Governor by a majority vote of each house:
7	(1) Both the Governor and Lieutenant Governor are unable
8	to discharge the powers and duties of their respective offices.
9	(2) The office of Governor is vacant and the Lieutenant
10	Governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties of the
11	Lieutenant Governor.
12	(3) The Governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties
13	of the Governor and the office of Lieutenant Governor is
14	vacant.
15	The General Assembly may provide by law for designated state
16	officers (including officers of the General Assembly) to discharge
17	the Governor's powers and duties as Acting Governor until the
18	General Assembly selects an Acting Governor under this
19	subsection.
20	(h) An individual who serves as Acting Governor may exercise
21	all the Governor's powers and duties. An individual who serves as
22	Acting Governor surrenders the Governor's powers and duties
23	when the earliest of the following occurs:
24	(1) The Governor's term of office expires.
25	(2) The Governor resumes the Governor's powers and duties.
26	(3) Another individual becomes Acting Governor.
27	(4) The individual is unable to discharge the Governor's
28	powers and duties.
29	(i) An individual who serves as Acting Lieutenant Governor has
30	all the Lieutenant Governor's powers and duties. An individual
31	who serves as Acting Lieutenant Governor surrenders the
32	Lieutenant Governor's powers and duties when the earliest of the
33	following occurs:
34	(1) The Lieutenant Governor's term of office expires.
35	(2) The Lieutenant Governor resumes the Lieutenant
36	Governor's powers and duties.
37	(3) Another individual becomes Acting Lieutenant Governor.
38	(4) The individual is unable to discharge the Lieutenant
39	Governor's powers and duties.
40	(j) An individual who serves as Acting Governor by virtue of
41	another office the individual holds does not forfeit the other office
42	upon becoming Acting Governor. The individual may not
43	discharge the powers and duties of the other office while serving as



1	Acting Governor.	
2	(k) If a question arises:	
3	(1) under subsection (c) or (g) as to whether the Governor is	
4	able to discharge the Governor's powers and duties; or	
5	(2) under subsection (e) or (g) as to whether the Lieutenant	
6	Governor is able to discharge the Lieutenant Governor's	
7	powers and duties;	
8	the president pro tempore of the Senate and the speaker of the	
9	House of Representative may jointly file a petition with the	
10	Supreme Court. The Supreme Court shall meet not later than	
11	forty-eight (48) hours after the petition is filed and decide the	
12	question.	
13	(l) If the Supreme Court determines that the Governor is unable	
14	to discharge the Governor's powers and duties under subsection	
15	(k), the Governor may subsequently file a petition with the	
16	Supreme Court for a determination that the Governor is able to	
17	discharge the Governor's powers and duties. If a petition is filed	U
18	under this subsection, the Supreme Court shall meet to decide the	
19	question. A decision of the Supreme Court of a question under this	
20	subsection is final.	
21	(m) If the Supreme Court determines that the Lieutenant	
22	Governor is unable to discharge the Lieutenant Governor's powers	
23	and duties under subsection (k), the Lieutenant Governor may	
24	subsequently file a petition with the Supreme Court for a	
25	determination that the Lieutenant Governor is able to discharge	
26	the Lieutenant Governor's powers and duties. If a petition is filed	
27	under this subsection, the Supreme Court shall meet to decide the	
28	question. A decision of the Supreme Court of a question under this	V
29	subsection is final.	

